## KARNATAK UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD



# REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE LL.M. [TWO YEARS] PROGRAMME UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) IN THE DEPARTMENT STUDIES IN OF LAW



## 2021-2022 & ONWARDS KARNATAK UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD POST-GRADUATE DEPARTMENT OF STUDIES IN LAW

In exercise of the powers conferred under section 44(1) (c) of the Karnataka State Universities Act, 2000, the Academic Council of Karnatak University frames the following Regulations.

#### 1.0 Title

The Regulations shall be called Karnatak University's Regulations, 2020 governing the LL.M Programme under the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS).

#### 2.0 Commencement

These Regulations shall come into force from the academic year 2020-21

### **3.0 Definitions**

In these Regulations, unless otherwise provided;

- a. "Academic Council" means Academic Council of Karnatak University established under the Karnataka State Universities Act, 2000
- b. "Board of Studies" means P.G. Board of Studies in Law of the University;
- c. "Compulsory Courses" means fundamental paper, a student admitted to the LL.M Programme should successfully complete to receive the Post Graduate Degree in the law (LL.M).
- d. "Course Weightage" means number of credits assigned to a particular course
- e. "Credit" means the unit by which the course work is measured. One Credit means one hour of teaching work or two hours of practical work per week. As regards the marks for the courses, 1 Credit is equal to 25 marks, 2 credits are equal to 50 marks, 3 credits are equal to 75 marks and 4 credits are equal to 100 marks.
- f. "Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)" refers to the cumulative Grade Point Averages weighted across both the semesters.
- g. "Degree" means Post-Graduate Degree.
- h. "Grade" is an index to indicate the performance of a student in the selected course. These Grades are arrived at by converting marks scored in each course by the candidate in both Internal Assessment and Semester-end Examinations.
- i. "Grade Point Average (GPA)" refers to an indication of the performance of the student in a given semester. GPA is the weighted average of all Grades a student gets in a given semester.
- j. "Specialization course/ Optional paper/" means advanced paper offered by the Department that a student of that Department can opt as a special paper.
- k. "Open Electives" means a course offered by the Department for students of other Departments.

- 1. "Post Graduate Programs" means Master's Degree Programme in Law (LL.M)
- m. "Student" means the student admitted to Post-Graduate Programme, under (1)
- n. 'University' means Karnatak University, Dharwad

#### 4.0. Minimum Eligibility for Admission

The Students who have successfully completed the five –year/three-year Law Degree course of this University or of any other University recognized as equivalent thereto by this University shall be eligible for admission to the Post Graduate Programme of Law (LL.M) provided the candidate also satisfies the conditions like the minimum percentage of marks and other eligibility requirements as prescribed by the University from time to time.

Admissions shall be as per the Government of Karnataka reservation policy and the directions issued in this regard from time to time.

#### 5.0. Admission Test

All the eligible applicants shall appear for the Admission Test to be conducted by the Department of Law. Maximum marks for admission test shall be 100 and questions shall be in the nature of multiple choice questions. Merit list of candidates shall be prepared on the basis of 50% weightage given to percentage of marks obtained in qualifying degree and the score in the Admission Test.

#### 6.0. Duration of the Programme

The duration of the study for the LL.M. Programme shall extend over a period of two academic years, each academic year comprising of two semesters, and each semester comprising of sixteen weeks of class work with a minimum of ninety working days.

However, the students, who discontinue the programme after one or more semester due to extraordinary circumstances, are allowed to continue and complete the programme with due approval from the Registrar. Candidates shall not register for any other regular course other than Diploma and Certificate courses being offered on the campus during the Programme.

#### 7.0. Medium of Instruction

The medium of instruction and evaluation shall be English.

#### **8.0. Programme Structure**

8.1. Master of Laws (LL.M.) (2 years/4 semesters); Areas of Specialization

- (1) Constitution Law
- (2) Corporate Law

8.2. The students of Post-Graduate Programme shall study the courses as may be approved by the Board of Studies in Law, Faculty of Law and the Academic Council of the University

from time to time subject to minimum and maximum credits as outlined in these regulations.

8.3. There shall be three categories of courses viz., **Compulsory Course**, **Specialization Course** and **Open Elective Course**. Compulsory and Specialization course should be from the department only. The Open Electives are the courses offered by other Departments of the University.

8.4. Every student admitted shall study all compulsory course prescribed in the regulations from time to time.

8.5. A student admitted shall opt for at least one specialization course of 4 credits and a maximum of 8 credit courses in each semester in the area of specialization.

8.6. The students have to choose **Open Elective** courses among those prescribed by the University and selected by the Department from time to time. Such Open Elective courses shall be taught by qualified teachers approved by the University.

8.7. The Credit for each of the compulsory and specialization courses shall be **4**; Open Elective courses shall be **4**.

8.8. Students shall register for a minimum of **24** credits and a maximum of **26** credits per semester; a student to qualify for LL.M. Degree shall register and clear a minimum of **96** credits from all the four semesters.

8.9. Every student shall undertake a Project work /Field work during the Fourth Semester leading to Dissertation for which the credits shall be **12**.

8.10. The LL.M. Programme structure shall be as shown in Annexure-I

#### Attendance

- 9.0 Each paper/course shall be taken as a unit for the purpose of calculating the attendance.
- 9.2 Each student shall sign the attendance register maintained by the Department for each paper for every hour/unit of teaching/practical. The course teachers shall submit the monthly attendance report to the Chairperson of the Department who shall notify the same on the notice board of the Department during the second week of the subsequent month.
- 9.3 Marks shall be awarded to the student for attendance as specified in the regulations concerning evaluation.
- 9.4 A student shall be considered to have satisfied the required attendance for each paper/course if he/she has attended not less than 75% of the total number of instructional hours during the semester.
- 9.5 There is no provision for condoning shortage of attendance.

- 9.6 The students who do not satisfy the prescribed requirement of attendance shall not be eligible to appear for the ensuing examination. Such candidates may seek admission afresh to the given semester.
- 9.7 The students, who have participated in the State/National/International Level sports, NSS, NCC, Cultural activities and other related activities as stipulated under the existing regulations, shall be considered for giving attendance for the actual number of days utilized in such activities (including travel days) subject to the production of certificates from the relevant authorities within two weeks after the event.

#### 10.0 Examination:

- 10.1 There shall be an examination at the end of each semester. The odd semester examination shall be conducted by the Department of Law. The even semester examinations shall be conducted by the University.
- 10.1.2 There shall be semester-end examination of 3 hours duration for 75 marks.
- 10.1.3 Every student shall register for each semester-end examination as per the University Notification by submitting duly completed application form through the proper channel and shall also pay the fees prescribed.
- 10.1.4 The Office of the Registrar (Evaluation) shall allot the Register Number to the candidate at the 1<sup>st</sup> semester-end examination. That will be the Register Number of the candidate for all subsequent appearances and semester-end examinations.
- 10.1.5 The Answer scripts shall be in the safe custody of the University for a minimum period of six months from the date of announcement of results. These shall be disposed off after six months.
- 10.1.6 The programme under CBCS is a fully carry-over system.
- 10.1.7 A candidate may reappear for examinations if he/she has failed in any paper or papers or if he/she intend to improve his/her results in any paper/papers at the examinations as and when they are conducted (even semester in subsequent even semester and odd semester in subsequent odd semester only).
- 10.1.8 Candidates who have failed, remained absent or opted for improvement in any course/ courses shall appear for such course/ courses in the two immediate successive examinations that are conducted. However, in the case of the candidates appearing for improvement of their marks, the marks secured in the previous examination shall be retained, if the same is higher.

#### 10.2 Odd Semester Examination

10.2.1. There shall be a Board of Examiners to set, scrutinise and approve question papers.

- 10.2.2. The BOE shall scrutinise the question papers submitted in two sets by the paper setters and submit the same to the office of the Registrar (Evaluation).
- 10.2.3. The office of the Registrar (Evaluation) shall dispatch the question papers to the Department who shall conduct the Examinations according to the Schedule announced by the University.
- 10.2.4. The Chairperson of the Department shall appoint one of their full time course teachers as Post Graduate Programme (PGP) Coordinator in the order of Seniority who shall conduct the examinations and arrange for evaluation of answer scripts.
- 10.2.5. Answer scripts shall be valued by the examiners appointed by the University.
- 10.2.6. There shall be single valuation. The examiners shall value the answer scripts and shall indicate the marks awarded to each question on the answer script.
- 10.2.7. The Marks List, a copy of the Examination Attendance Sheet and the sealed bundles of the answer scripts shall be dispatched by the PGP Coordinator to the Registrar (Evaluation)'s Office after the conclusion of the valuation.
- 10.2.8. The Office of the Registrar (Evaluation) shall process and announce the results.
- 10.2.9. The University shall release to the concerned PGP Coordinator the approved funds towards the Conduct of the Examination.
- 10.2.10. The Teaching and non-teaching staff shall receive the approved remuneration under the permissible examination heads.

#### **10.3** Even Semester:

- 10.3.1. There shall be a Board of Examiners to set, scrutinise and approve question papers.
- 10.3.2. As far as practicable, it will be ensured that 50% of the paper setters and valuers are from other Universities/ Research Institutes.
- 10.3.3.Each answer script of the semester-end examination (theory and project report/dissertation) shall be assessed by two examiners (one internal and another external). The marks awarded to that answer script shall be the average of these two evaluations. If the difference in marks between two evaluations exceeds 20% of the maximum marks, such a script shall be assessed by a third examiner. The marks allotted by the third examiner shall be averaged with nearer award of the two evaluations.

Provided that in case the number of answer scripts to be referred to the third examiner in a course exceeds 20% of the total number of scripts at the even semesterend examinations, such answer scripts shall be valued by the Board of Examiners on the date to be notified by the Chairperson of the Board of Examiners and the marks awarded by the Board shall be final.

- 10.3.4. The dissertation shall be evaluated by both internal and external examiner.
- 10.3.5. The dissertation work shall carry marks as under
  - (1) Dissertation 150 Marks
  - (2) Viva-voce 50 Marks
- 10.3.6 The Viva-voce Examination shall be conducted by the Chairperson/Chairman of the Board of Examination, with one external examiner and the respective guides. However, the viva-voce may be conducted, even in the absence of a guide, if such guide is unable to attend despite having intimation of Viva-voce examination, due to unavoidable circumstances or in case of any exigencies.

#### **10.4. Rules For Submission Of The Dissertation**

10.4.1. The Dissertation shall be prepared under the guidance of a teacher approved by the Department Council.

10.5.2. The subject proposed for the Dissertation shall be related to the specialisation

10.5.3. The Dissertation shall be submitted to the Department, before the completion of end semester of the course, i.e., IV Semester.

10.5.4. The Dissertation shall be of minimum100 type written pages of the usual thesis size. The dissertation shall be in Times New Roman, 12 font size with 1.5 line spacing. Two copies of dissertation shall be submitted for evaluation. A candidate who secures pass marks in the written papers but fails in the Dissertation shall be declared to have failed in the examination.

10.5.5. The candidate shall submit the Dissertation complying with the Plagiarism rules as notified by the Karnatak University.

10.5.6. The marks obtained for the Dissertation shall be added to the aggregate marks obtained for other papers under the Semester Scheme.

10.5.7. The percentage of minimum marks for a pass in the Dissertation and Viva-voce will be 50 percent of the maximum marks.

10.5.8. A candidate who fails in any one or more of the written theory papers but passes in the Dissertation need not re-submit the Dissertation.

10.5.9. A candidate who has failed to secure the minimum marks in the Dissertation may submit a new or revised dissertation before fifteen days of the commencement of LL.M IV Semester Examination of the next year or the year in which he / she proposes to sit for the

LL.M. IV Semester Examination and he / she should submit it within the maximum period prescribed for completion of the course under these regulations.

10.5.10. The Dissertation submitted by a candidate shall become the property of the University and no part there of shall be published without the prior permission of the University.

#### 10.5.Evaluation

- 10.5.1. Each Course shall have two evaluation components Internal Assessment (IA) and the Semester End Exams.
- 10.5.2. The IA component in a course shall carry 25% and the Semester End Examination shall carry 75% respectively. These courses shall have 3 marks allotted to attendance.
- 10.5.3. Marks for attendance shall be awarded to the students according to the following table.

Attendance (in percentage)	Marks
Above 90	3
Above 80 and up to 90	2
Above 75 and up to 80	1
75	No marks

10.4.4. Division of marks of internal assessment marks shall be as follows:

	Total- 25 marks
(3) Attendance	- 03 marks
(2) Assignment	- 10 Marks
(1) Mid Semester Test	- 12 Marks

- 10.5.4. The IA marks list shall be notified on the Department notice board as and when the individual IA components are completed and the consolidated list shall be submitted to the Office of the Registrar (Evaluation) before the semester-end examination.
- 10.5.5. The tests shall be written in a separately designated book/papers supplied by the University/department which shall be open for inspection by the students after evaluation.
- 10.5.6. There is no provision for seeking improvement of IA marks.
- 10.5.7. The IA records, pertaining to a Semester Examination, shall be preserved by the Department for a period of one year from the date of the Semester Examination.

These records may be called by the University or a body constituted by the University as and when deemed necessary.

#### **11.0.** Maximum duration for completion of the Programme:

- 11.1. A candidate admitted to a post graduate programme shall complete it within a period, which is double the duration of the programme from the date of admission.
- 11.2. Whenever the syllabus is revised, the candidate reappearing shall be allowed for the examinations only according to the new syllabus.

#### 12.0. Declaration of Results

- 12.1. The minimum for a pass in each course shall be 40% of the total marks including both the IA and the semester-end examinations. Further, the candidate shall obtain at least 40% of the marks in the semester-end examination. There is no minimum for the IA marks.
- 12.2. Candidates shall secure a minimum of 50% in aggregate in all courses of a programme in each semester to successfully complete the programme.
- 12.3. The candidates shall earn the prescribed number of credits for the programme to qualify for the PG Degree.
- 12.4. For the purpose of declaring results, the aggregate of the marks secured by a candidate in all the semesters shall be taken into account. However, Ranks shall not be awarded in case the candidate has not successfully completed each of the semesters or has not completed the programme in the stipulate time (vide regulation 6) or had applied for improvement of results.

#### 13.0. Marks, Credit Points, Grade Points, Grades and Grade Point Average.

- 13.1. The grade points and the grade letters to candidates in each course shall be awarded as follows:
- 13.2 Credit Point (CP): The Credit Point for each course shall be calculated by multiplying the grade point obtained by the credit of the course.
- 13.3 The award of Grade Point Average (GPA) for any student is based on the performance in the whole semester. The student is awarded Grade Point Average for each semester based on the Total Credit Points obtained and the total number of credits opted for. The GPA is calculated by dividing the total credit points earned by

the student in all the courses by the total number of credits of those courses of the semester.

13.4 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) shall be calculated by dividing the total number of credit points in both the semesters by the total number of credits in both the semesters.

CGPA for the I Semester = <u>Sum of the CP of the I Semester</u>

Sum of the credits of the I Semester

CGPA for the II Semester = <u>Sum of the CP of the I Sem + Sum of the CP of II Sem</u>. Sum of the credits of the I Semester + II Semester

- 13.5 The Grade Card at each semester examination shall indicate the courses opted by the student, the credit for the course chosen by the student, the credit points obtained in each course, the grade letter and the grade point average. No class shall be awarded for each semester and the same would only be awarded at the end of both the semesters based on Cumulative Grade Point Average.
- 13.6 Class shall be awarded to the successful candidates based on the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) as specified below:

Semester/Program	Sign / Letter	Semester/Program	Sign / Letter
% Marks Result /	Grade	% Marks Result /	Grade
<b>Class Description</b>		<b>Class Description</b>	
Semester GPA /		Semester GPA /	
Program CGPA		Program CGPA	
Alpha		Alpha	
90.0 and above	Outstanding	9.00-10.00	<b>O</b> (Outstanding)
80.0-<90.0	First Class	8.00-<9.00	A++ (Excellent)
	Exemplary		
70.0-<80.0	First Class	7.00-<8.00	A+ (Very Good)
	Distinction		
60.0-<70.0	First Class	6.00-<7.00	A (Good)
55.0-<60.0	High Second	5.50-<6.00	<b>B</b> +(Above
	Class		average)

Table I: Final Result / Grades Description

50.0-<55.0	Second Class	5.00-<5.50	<b>B</b> (Average)
Below 50	Fail / Reappear	Below 5.00	F (Fail/Reappear)
Absent	Ab (Absent)	0	Ab (Absent)

Percentage of	Grade Points (GP)	Percentage of marks	Grade Points (GP)
marks			
98-100	10	68-72	7.0
93-97	9.5	63-67	6.5
88-92	9.0	58-62	6.0
83-87	8.5	53-57	5.5
78-82	8.0	50-52	5.0
73-77	7.5	Below 50	0

## 14.0 Miscellaneous:

- a) Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, the One Year LL.M semester system at the Post-Graduate level is hereby repealed.
- b) The provisions of any order, Rules or Regulations of the University in force at the commencement of these regulations shall be inapplicable to the programme to extent of its inconsistency with these Regulations.
- c) The University shall issue such orders, instructions, procedures and prescribe such format as it may deem fit to implement the provisions of Regulations.
- d) The procedural details may be given by the University from time to time
- e) Any unforeseen issues/problems/difficulties may be resolved by the Vice Chancellor, whose decision in the matter shall be final.

## ANNEXURE-I (COURSE OUTLINES FOR LL.M) SEMESTER - I

In I Semester the student is to undergo instructions in two compulsory papers and also two specialization papers relating to the specialized branch.

<b>Paper Code</b>	Title of the Paper	Max.	Internal	Total	Credits	Teaching
		Marks	Assessment	Marks		Hrs.
	Co	ompulsor	y Papers		1	
PG69T101	Legal Education and	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Research Methodology					
PG69T102	Comparative Public Law	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
		Specia	lization Brand	:h	1	
		Constit	utional Law			
PG69T103A	Fundamental Rights and	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Directive Principles of					
	State Policy					
PG69T103B	Law and Administration	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
		Special	lization Brand	:h		
		Cor	rporate Law			
PG69T103C	Law Relating to	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Companies Organisation					
	of Companies and					
	Corporate Governance					
PG69T103D	Competition Law	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
Total		300	100	400	24	24
Credits						

Note: Total Credits 24

## **II SEMESTER:**

In II Semester the student is to undergo instructions in two compulsory papers, two specialization papers relating to the specialized branch and one Open elective paper (OEC) offered by other Departments of Studies at Karnatak University

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Max.	Internal	Total	Credits	Teaching
		Marks	Assessment	Marks		Hrs.
	Co	ompulsor	y Papers			
PG69T201	Alternative Dispute	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Resolution System And					
	Enforcement Of Foreign					
	Awards					
PG69T202	Judicial Process	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Sp	ecializati	ion Paper		I	I
	(	Constituti	ion Law			
PG69T203A	Indian Constitutional	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Law					
PG69T203B	Comparative	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Administrative Law					
	Sp	ecializati	ion Paper			
		Corpora	te Law			
PG69T203C	Law Relating to	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Multinational					
	Corporations					
PG69T203D	Labour And	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Management Relations					
	Law					
	Ор	en Electi	ive (OEC)	1	1	l
PG69T203E	Fundamental Rights and	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Directive Principles of					
	State Policy					
Total		375	125	500	30	30

Note: Total Credits 30

### **III SEMESTER:**

In III Semester the student is to undergo instructions in two compulsory paper, two specialization papers relating to the specialized branch and one Open elective paper (OEC) offered by other Departments of Studies at Karnatak University

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Max.	Internal	Total	Credits	Teaching
		Marks	Assessment	Marks		Hrs.
	Co	ompulsor	y Papers			
PG69T301	Law And Social	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Transformation In India					
PG69T302	Law Relating To	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Protection Of Natural					
	Resources And Pollution					
	Control In India					
	Sp	ecializati	ion Paper			I
	(	Constituti	ion Law			
PG69T303A	Service Law In India	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
PG69T303B	Law Relating To	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Citizenship, Election					
	And Formation Of					
	Government					
	Sp	ecializati	ion Paper			
		Corpora	te Law			
PG69T303C	Intellectual Property	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Rights					
PG69T303D	Development And	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	Regulation Of					
	International Trade Law					
	Ор	en Electi	ive (OEC)		L	
PG69T303E	Information Technology	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	and Cyber Law					
Total		375	125	500	30	30

Note: Total Credits 30

### **IV SEMESTER:**

In IV Semester the student is to undergo instructions in one specialization paper pertaining to the specialized branch and prepare a dissertation and submit the same to the University.

**DISSERTATION-** Equivalent to 2 courses/2 subjects

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Max.	Internal	Total	Credits	Teaching
		Marks	Assessment	Marks		Hrs.
	C	ompulsor	y Papers	I		
PG69T401	Dissertation and VIVA-	150	50	200	06	12
	VOCE					Hrs/Week
	Sp	ecializati	ion Paper	I	1	
	С	onstitutio	onal Law			
PG69T402A	Directive Principles Of	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	State Of Policy And The					
	Concepts Of Social					
	Welfare And Social					
	Justice					
	Sp	ecializati	ion Paper			
		Corpora	te Law			
PG69T402B	Information Technology	75	25	100	06	6 Hrs/Week
	and Cyber Law					
Total		300	100	400	18	18

Note: Total Credits 18

## Total Credits- 24+30+30+18= 102

The Department Offers Open Elective to other students of the P.G. Departments of

Karnatak University the following Papers in Semester II and Semester III

- 1. Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy
- 2. Information Technology and Cyber Law

KARNATAK UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD



# SYLLABUS For MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

#### **PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOS)**

- (1) Solving and an Understanding of Major Concepts in all subjects / areas of Law;
- (2) Provide students with broad and balanced knowledge and understanding of key concepts of Law;
- (3) To apply standard methodology to the solutions of problems in the field of Law;
- (4) Provide students with knowledge and skill towards employment or higher education in the field of Law or multi disciplinary area involving legal background;
- (5) To prepare students effectively for professional employment or research degree in the field of Law;
- (6) To build confidence in the candidate to be able to work on his own in law practice and
- (7) institution of higher education;
- (8) To develop an independent and responsible work ethics;
- (9) Provide students with the ability to plan and carry out independent practice; AND
- (10) Employ critical thinking and analyze the results of critical problems.

Paper Code	PG69T101: Legal Education and Research Methodology
and Name	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After completin	ng this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To understand the method of Research in Legal Education
CO02	To Analysis the National Education Policy
CO-03	To study the different types of curriculum
CO-04	To learn the types of Teaching Methods
CO-05	To understand the good quality research
CO-06	To know the integrated methods of legal research
CO-07	To inculcate Legal writing based on research

PARTICULARS	Teaching
	Hours
	(Max. 60)
PG69T101: Legal Education and Research Methodology	
Unit I: Introduction to Legal Education	
- Legal education:	
- History of legal education;	
- National education policy;	
- Objectives of legal education;	
- Bar council of India rules of legal education;	
- Present problems of legal education and future perspectives;	12 Hours
- Curriculum making and reform;	
- Designing teaching methods to suit the curricular requirements;	
- Diversity in teaching methods and their merits and demerits; and	
- Legal aid, legal literacy and law reform	
Unit II:	
Idea of Legal Research, Methodology and ensuring good quality resea	ırch
- Legal research methodology,	
- Purposes and footsteps;	
- Thinking process in legal research:	

-	Diverse models; objectivity, value neutrality,	
-	Originality, and ethics in legal research; choosing,	12 Hours
-	Designing, and building the legal research theme;	
-	Formulation and testing of hypothesis; rules against plagiarism;	
-	Introduction to kinds of research.	
	Unit-III	
	<b>Doctrinal Legal Research Methods</b>	
-	Doctrinal legal research as a means of synthesizing facts,	
-	Thoughts and legal principles;	
-	Analytical legal for expanding the legal world;	
-	Historical legal research:	12 Hours
-	Implications arid applications; philosophical research in law: the	
	possibilities; comparative method of legal research:	
-	Nature, process and potentiality.	
	Unit-IV	
	Non-doctrinal Methods of Legal Research	
-	Empirical legal research: nature,	
-	Features and expanding horizons;	
-	Tools of data collection in empirical legal research:	12 Hours
-	Observation, interview, case study, ethnography, questionnaire, survey;	
	qualitative legal research; sampling method: varieties and uses; quantitative	
	legal research	
	Unit-V	
	Integrated methods of legal research and Research Reporting	
-	Multi-method legal research: nature, need, procedure and potentiality;	
-	Policy research in law; action research in law;	
-	Methodology of feminist legal research;	12 Hours
-	Legal writing based on research: report writing, writing articles. Case	
	comments and notes.	

	<b>References/Recommended Books</b>	
1.	Bhat Ishwara P., Idea and Methods of Legal Research, (Oxford: Oxford	
	University Press. 2019)	
2.	Whitney F.L., The Elements of Research, (rev.edn. Prentice Hall, 1948)	
3.	Goode, William J. and Hatt Paul K., Methods in Social Research, I" Ind.	
	Re.pt. (Delhi: Surjeet Publications, 2006)	
4.	Mike McConville and Wing Hong Chi, Research Methods for Law	
	(Edinburg University Press, 2007)	
5.	SK Verrna and Afzal Wani, Legal Research Methodology (Indian Law	
	Institution, Second Edition, 2007)	
6.	I.L.I. Legal Research and Methodology (Relevant Chapters).	
7.	Young P.V. Scientific Social surveys and Research (Relevant Chapters).	
8.	Festinger L & Katz d ;(ed.) Research Methods in the Behavioual Science.	
9.	Wilkinson and Bhandarkar, Methodology and Techniques of Social	
	Research.	
10	Justice A.R.Lakshmanan, "Legal Education — Role of the Bar," in Lokendra	
	Malik and Manish Arora cd., Legal Education in India: Essays in honour of	
	Professor Ranbir Singh, (New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing Co., 2014)	
	Pp.35-48.	
11	Justice A.S.Anand, "Legal Education in India- Past, Present and Future," in	
	Lokendra Malik and Manish Arom ed., Legal Education in India: Essays in	
	honour of Professor Ranbir Singh, (New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing	
	Co., 2014) Pp.11-20.	

Paper			
Code and	PG69T102: COMPARATIVE PUBLIC LAW		
Name			
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)		
	After completing this paper, the students will be able to:		
CO-1	To understand Public Law and its Relevance: and Nature of public law		
CO-2	To study methods of comparison. Limits of comparative Public Law		
CO-3	To study the Constitutions and Constitutionalism		
CO-4	To know the Governance: Legislature and the Government system		

CO-5	To understand Administrative Process: Basic Principles of administrative law
CO-6	To understand the Judiciary and Judicial Review
CO-7	To know the Judicial Activism and Judicial restraint

	PARTICULARS	Teaching
		Hours
		(Max. 60)
	Unit I : Public Law and its Relevance:	
-	Nature of public law,	
-	Distinction between public and private law,	
-	Scope and content of public law – constitutional law,	
-	Administrative law and criminal law.	12 Hours
-	Comparative public law – need of the study methods of comparison.	
-	Limits of comparative public law.	
	Unit: II- Constitutions and Constitutionalism:	
-	Need for constitution,	
-	Evolution of constitution and constitutional law,	
-	Parts of a perfect constitution.	
-	Constitutionalism and its incorporation into a written constitution.	12 Hours
-	Limited government, separation of powers, federal principles,	
-	Fundamental rights or liberty of the subjects, and judicial review	
	Unit-III: Governance	
-	Legislature and the Government:	
-	Organization of Legislatures - Legislative or Parliamentary	
	sovereignty and its limits.	
-	Presidential and Parliamentary Government.	12 Hours
-	Cabinet System and its weakness.	
-	Legislative supervision over executive government.	
	<b>Unit-IV- Administrative Process</b>	
-	Basic principles of administrative law – rule of law,	
-	Separation of powers, and delegation of powers,	
-	Principles of natural justice and judicial review of administrative	
	action.	12 Hours

-	Accountability and transparency in administration – right to	
	information,	
_	Citizens charters and ombudsman ( lakopal and lok ayuktas)	
	Unit-V: Independent Judiciary and Judicial Review:	
-	Independent judiciary and Constitutional adjudication.	
-	Independence of Judiciary under Indian Constitution.	10.77
-	Judicial Review: Growth and Development, Judicial Activism and	12 Hours
	Judicial restraint.	
-	Public interest Litigation. Theory of basic structure.	
	<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
1. D.D.Basu,	Comparative Constitutional Law, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edn, (Wadhwa, Nagpur, 2010)	
2. David Star	mes, The Living Constitution, (Oxford University Press, 2010).	
3. M.V.Pyle, Constitutional of the World, (Universal Publishers, 2006).		
4. Sudhir Krishna Swamy, Democracy and Constitutionalism in India – A study of the Ba		of the Basi
Structure I	Doctrine (Oxford University Press, 2013).	
5. Vikram D	avid Amar, Mark Tushnet, Global Perspectives on Constitutional	Law (Oxfor
University	Press Inc United States 2009)	
6. M.P.Singh	, Comparative Constitutional Law, (Eastern Book Company, 1989.	
7. J.P. Penne	ock and J.W. Chapman, Constitutionalism, NOMOSXX, (New Yor	k Universit
Press,1979	)).	
8. M.P.Jain,	Constitutional Law, 6 <sup>th</sup> edn, (Mumbai : Lexis Nexis, 2013)	
9. M.P.Singh	, V.N Shukla's. Constitution of India, 12 <sup>th</sup> edn, (Lucknow: Eastern Bo	ok Company
2013)		
<i>,</i>	ckson, Comparative Constitutional Law, Foundation Press, 2006	
11. David Stra	uss, The Living Constitution (Oxford University Press, 2010)	
12. Neal Devi	ns and Louis Fisher, The Democratic Constitution (Oxford University Pr	ess, 2010)
	Elkins, Tom Ginsburg, James Melton, The Endurance of National	, ,
-	e University Press, 2009).	

Paper	(PG69T103A)-FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS AND DIRECTIVE
Code and	PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY
Name	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To understand Evolution of fundamental rights in U.K., U.S.A. and in India.
CO-2	To study Right to Equality and protective discrimination
CO-3	To analysis Privatization and its impact on affirmative action.
CO-4	To know the New dimensions of Right to life and expansion of fundamental
	rights-
CO-5	To understand Religious fanaticism and secularism
CO-6	To learn Uniform Civil Code;
CO-7	To study the Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties

PARTICULARS	Teaching		
	Hours		
	(Max. 60)		
Unit I : Nature and functions of fundamental rights			
- Evolution of fundamental rights in U.K., U.S.A. and in India.			
- Methods of guaranteeing fundamentals rights through written and			
unwritten Constitutions.	12 Hours		
- Scope of fundamental rights – state action and judicial review			
Unit II: Right to Equality and protective discrimination.			
- Privatization and its impact on affirmative action.			
- Reservations in promotions and cost benefit analysis.	12 Hours		
- Right to freedom under Article 19 and new challenges to freedom of press			
due to new scientific developments			
Unit-III, Right to life and personal liberty			
- New dimensions of right to life and expansion of fundamental rights			
- Unremunerated fundamental rights.			
- Compensation jurisprudence.	12 Hours		

	-	Right to education and its commercialization, right against exploitation,	
	-	Empowerment of women and rights of the child.	
		Unit-IV, Right to Religion	
	-	Religious fanaticism and secularism,	
	-	Uniform Civil Code; Problems and perspectives.	12 Hours
	-	Minority rights, Tribal rights,	
	-	Right to Judicial remedies and Limits to Judicial enforcement of	
		fundamental rights.	
		Unit-V, Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties	
	-	Nature of Directive Principles, Relation between Directive Principles and	
		fundamental rights,	
	-	Judicial enforcement of Directive Principles,	12 Hours
	-	Right based on Directive Principles and justifiability of Directive	
		Principles. Legislative incorporation of Directive Principles –	
	-	Importance of Fundamental Duties.	
		References	
1.	В.	Shiva Rao, Framing of the Indian Constitution, New Delhi: Universal Law P	ublishers, 2004.
2.	M	P.Jain, Constitutional Law, Nagpur: wadhwa, 2012.	
3.	3. H.M.Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2012.		
4.	4. M.P.Singh, V.N.Shukla's Constitution of India, Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2012.		
5.	5. M.V.Pylee, Constitution of the World, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2006.		006.
6.	6. Vikas David Amar, Mark Tushnet, Global Perspectives on Constitutional Law, Oxford		
	Ur	niversity Press, 2009.	

Paper	
Code and	(PG69103B) -LAW AND ADMINISTRATION
Name	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To study Administrative process
CO-2	To assess the Judicial Control of Administrative action
CO-3	To analysis Liability of public authorities
CO-4	To know Emerging trends – personal accountability
CO-5	To understand Right to Information
CO-6	To develop the Executive privileges
CO-7	To know the State and control on information

PARTICULARS		
	Hours	
	(Max. 60)	
Unit I : Administrative process, nature and scope	- I	
- Rule of separation of powers;		
- Control of delegated legislation,	12 Hours	
- Administrative discretion.		
Unit: Judicial Control of Administrative action		
- Doctrine of ultravires,		
- Discretion and justifiability,	12 Hours	
- Procedural fairness –principles of natural justice		
Unit-III: Liability of public authorities		
- Tortious liability; contractual liability;	12 Hours	
- Emerging trends – personal accountability,		
- compensatory jurisprudence.		
Unit-IV, Right to information		
- Official secrecy,		
- Executive privilege,		
- Security of state and control on information;	12 Hours	

- Promissory estoppel.		
Unit-V, Controls on maladministration		
- Ombudsman,		
- evolving Indian models Lokpal and Lokaukta;		
- Commission of Inquiry;	12 Hours	
- Vigilance Commission,		
- The CBI, Inquiries by Legislative Committees, Judicial inquiries.		
References/ Recommended Books		
1. Jain and Jain, Principles of Administrative Law		
2. S.P.Sathe, Administrative Law		
3. De Smith, Judicial Review of Administrative Action.		
4. M.P.Jain, The Evolving Indian Administrative Law		

Paper	(PG69T103C) -LAW RELATING TO ORGANISATION OF	
Code and	and COMPANIES AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	
Name		
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)	
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:	
CO-1	To understand History of Company Legislation	
CO-2	To know Incorporation of Companies under the Indian Companies Act, 2013	
CO-3	To study Various types of Share Holders	
CO-4	To assess Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends	
CO-5	To learn The Running of the Affairs of the Company	
CO-6	To develop the methods Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation	
CO-7	To understand Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.	

PARTICULARS	Teaching
	Hours
	(Max. 60)
Unit I : Introduction	
- History: History of Company Legislation.	
- Legal formalities for Incorporation of Companies under the Indian	

- Share Holders and Outsiders         Unit-II: Issue of Shares Types of Shares         - Various types of Share Holders and their Privileges Forfeiture of Shares.         - Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.         - Majority Powers and Minority Rights         Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company         - The Prevailing norms.         - The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their Duties, Powers and Accountability.         - Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.         Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime         Unit-IV, Share Capital         - Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.         - Re-Organization through Arrangement.         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions         12 Hours         Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal		Companies Act, 2013.	
Association of the Company.       12 Hours         - Share Holders and Outsiders       12 Hours         - Various types of Share Holders and their Privileges Forfeiture of Shares.       12 Hours         - Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.       12 Hours         - Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company       12 Hours         - The Prevailing norms.       12 Hours         - The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their Duties, Powers and Accountability.       12 Hours         - Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         - Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.       12 Hours         - Re-Organization through Arrangement.       12 Hours         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       12 Hours         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes       12 Hours	-	Various kinds of Companies. Corporate personality.	
- Share Holders and Outsiders         Unit-II: Issue of Shares Types of Shares         - Various types of Share Holders and their Privileges Forfeiture of Shares.         - Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.       12 Hours         - Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company       12 Hours         - The Prevailing norms.       12 Hours         - The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their Duties, Powers and Accountability.       12 Hours         - Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.       12 Hours         - Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         Unit-IV, Share Capital       12 Hours         - Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.       12 Hours         - Re-Organization through Arrangement.       12 Hours         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       12 Hours         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.       12 Hours         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours	-	The binding force of Articles of Association and Memorandum of	
Unit-II: Issue of Shares Types of Shares         -       Various types of Share Holders and their Privileges Forfeiture of Shares.         -       Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.         -       Majority Powers and Minority Rights         Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company         -       The Prevailing norms.         -       The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their         Duties, Powers and Accountability.       12 Hours         -       Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.         -       Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime         Unit-IV, Share Capital         -       Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.         -       Re-Organization through Arrangement.         -       Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)         -       Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions         12 Hours       12 Hours         -       Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         -       Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours		Association of the Company.	12 Hours
-       Various types of Share Holders and their Privileges Forfeiture of Shares.       12 Hours         -       Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.       12 Hours         -       Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         -       Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         -       Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         -       The Prevailing norms.       12 Hours         -       The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their       12 Hours         -       Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         -       Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         -       Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.       12 Hours         -       Re-Organization through Arrangement.       12 Hours         -       Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       12 Hours         -       Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         -       Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System       12 Hours         -       Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.       12 Hours         -       Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours	-	Share Holders and Outsiders	
Shares.       12 Hours         - Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.       12 Hours         - Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company       12 Hours         - The Prevailing norms.       12 Hours         - The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their       12 Hours         Duties, Powers and Accountability.       12 Hours         - Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.       12 Hours         Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         Unit-IV, Share Capital       12 Hours         - Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.       12 Hours         - Recorganization through Arrangement.       12 Hours         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       12 Hours         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System       12 Hours         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.       12 Hours         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours		Unit-II: Issue of Shares Types of Shares	
- Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends,       12 Hours         - Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         - Majority Powers and Minority Rights       12 Hours         - The Prevailing norms.       -         - The Prevailing norms.       -         - The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their       12 Hours         - Duties, Powers and Accountability.       -         - Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.       12 Hours         - Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         - Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.       -         - Re-Organization through Arrangement.       -         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       -         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.       -         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours		- Various types of Share Holders and their Privileges Forfeiture of	
- Majority Powers and Minority Rights         Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company         - The Prevailing norms.         - The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their         Duties, Powers and Accountability.         - Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.         - Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime         Unit-IV, Share Capital         - Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.         - Re-Organization through Arrangement.         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions         12 Hours         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal		Shares.	
Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company         -       The Prevailing norms.         -       The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their         Duties, Powers and Accountability.       12 Hours         -       Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.       12 Hours         -       Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         -       Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         -       Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.       12 Hours         -       Re-Organization through Arrangement.       12 Hours         -       Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       12 Hours         -       Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         -       Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.       12 Hours         -       Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours		- Kinds of Share Capital. Debentures Charges and Dividends.	12 Hours
<ul> <li>The Prevailing norms.</li> <li>The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their Duties, Powers and Accountability.</li> <li>Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.</li> <li>Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime</li> <li>Unit-IV, Share Capital</li> <li>Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.</li> <li>Re-Organization through Arrangement.</li> <li>Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)</li> <li>Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions</li> <li>12 Hours</li> <li>Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System</li> <li>Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.</li> <li>Company Law Board &amp; National Company Law Tribunal</li> </ul>		- Majority Powers and Minority Rights	
<ul> <li>The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their Duties, Powers and Accountability.</li> <li>Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.</li> <li>Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime</li> <li>Unit-IV, Share Capital</li> <li>Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.</li> <li>Re-Organization through Arrangement.</li> <li>Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)</li> <li>Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions</li> <li>12 Hours</li> <li>Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System</li> <li>Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.</li> <li>Company Law Board &amp; National Company Law Tribunal</li> <li>12 Hours</li> </ul>		Unit-III, The Running of the Affairs of the Company	
Duties, Powers and Accountability.       12 Hours         Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.       12 Hours         Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime       12 Hours         Unit-IV, Share Capital         Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.         Re-Organization through Arrangement.       12 Hours         Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)       12 Hours         Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System       12 Hours         Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.       12 Hours         Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal       12 Hours	-	The Prevailing norms.	
<ul> <li>Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.</li> <li>Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime</li> <li>Unit-IV, Share Capital</li> <li>Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.</li> <li>Re-Organization through Arrangement.</li> <li>Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)</li> <li>Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions</li> <li>12 Hours</li> <li>Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System</li> <li>Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.</li> <li>Company Law Board &amp; National Company Law Tribunal</li> </ul>	-	The manner in which the Agents of the Company are appointed – their	
<ul> <li>Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime         <ul> <li>Unit-IV, Share Capital</li> <li>Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.</li> <li>Re-Organization through Arrangement.</li> <li>Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)</li> <li>Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions</li> <li>12 Hours</li> </ul> </li> <li>Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System</li> <li>Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.</li> <li>Company Law Board &amp; National Company Law Tribunal</li> <li>Hours</li> </ul>		Duties, Powers and Accountability.	
Unit-IV, Share Capital         -       Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.         -       Re-Organization through Arrangement.         -       Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)         -       Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions         12 Hours         Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System         -       Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         -       Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal	-	Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement.	12 Hours
- Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.         - Re-Organization through Arrangement.         - Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)         - Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions         12 Hours         Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal	-	Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime	
<ul> <li>Re-Organization through Arrangement.</li> <li>Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)</li> <li>Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions</li> <li>12 Hours</li> <li>Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System</li> <li>Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.</li> <li>Company Law Board &amp; National Company Law Tribunal</li> <li>12 Hours</li> </ul>	Unit-IV, Share Capital		
<ul> <li>Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)</li> <li>Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions</li> <li>12 Hours</li> <li>Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System</li> <li>Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.</li> <li>Company Law Board &amp; National Company Law Tribunal</li> <li>12 Hours</li> </ul>	-	Reduction of Share Capital. Buyback of Shares.	
- Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions       12 Hours         Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System         - Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         - Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal         12 Hours	-	Re-Organization through Arrangement.	
Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System         -       Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         -       Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal         12 Hours	-	Mergers and Acquisitions and its Regulation (Domestic and International)	
-       Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.         -       Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal         12 Hours	-	Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions	12 Hours
- Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal 12 Hours		Unit-V, Alternative Disputes Resolution System	
	-	Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes.	
	-	Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal	12 Hours
		<b>Reference</b> / <b>Recommended Books</b>	
1. Majumdar A.K. 'Company Law and Practice (2010) 15 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Taxmann's Publication			
(P) Ltd. New Delhi			
2. Avtar Singh 'Company Law' (2017) 17 <sup>th</sup> Edition; Eastern Book Company, Lucknow			
3. Ramaiah A 'Guide to the Companies Act (1992) 12 <sup>th</sup> Edition			
4. Bhandari M.C. 'Guide to the Company Law (1994) 12 <sup>th</sup> Edition	3.	. Bhandari M.C. 'Guide to the Company Law (1994) 12 <sup>th</sup> Edition	
5. Gower L.G.B. "Principles of Modern Company Law", (London), Sweet and Maxwell, 200		Bhandari M.C. 'Guide to the Company Law (1994) 12 <sup>th</sup> Edition	
6. Palmer "Company Law" (London), Stevens.	4.		axwell, 2002
7. Shah S.M. "Lectures on Company Law", 19th Edition (Bombay) N.M. Tripathi, 1990.	4. 5.	Gower L.G.B. "Principles of Modern Company Law", (London), Sweet and Ma	axwell, 2002

- 8. Larry Cata Backer, "Comparative Corporate Law in United States, European Union, China and Japan Cases and Materials" (North Carolina) Carolina Academic Press(2006)
- 9. Ramaiya A., Guide to Companies Act, 17th edition, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur (2010).
- 10. Agarwal & Baby, SEBI Act: A Legal Commentary on Securities & Exchange Board of India, Taxmann (2011).
- 11. Bhandari, M.C., Guide to Company Law Procedures, 20th Edition, Wadhwa (2007)
- 12. Dutta C. R., The Company Law, Lexis Nexis Butterworth's, 6th Edition, (2008)

Paper	
Code and (PG69T103D)-COMPETITION LAW	
Name	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After compl	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To understand the History and Development of Competition Law
CO-2	To learn Constitutional vision of Social Justice/ Socialism
CO-3	To study Anti- Competitive Agreements under the Competition Act, 2002
CO-4	To know the Cartel- Predatory pricing
CO-5	To assess Combinations and mergers
CO-6	To study Enforcement Mechanisms under the Competition Act. 2002
CO-7	To develop the Competition Advocacy in India

PARTICULARS	Teaching
	Hours
	(Max. 60)
Unit I- History and Development of Competition Law	
- History and Development of Competition Law,	
- Constitutional vision of Social Justice/ Socialism - Liberalization and	
Globalization;	
- Raghavan Committee Report, Competition Act 2002; an Overview of	12 Hours
Competition Law in India,	
- Important Definitions under the Competition Act, 2002.	

	Unit II- Anti Competitive Agreements	
-	Anti- Competitive Agreements under the Competition Act, 2002.	
-	Appreciable Adverse Effect on competition in the Market. Determination of	
	Relevant Market – Rule of Reason and Perse.	
-	Illegal rule – Horizontal and Vertical restraints, Exemption, Penalties,	
	Prohibition of Anti- Competitive Agreements.	12 Hours
-	Cartel- Predatory Pricing, bid rigging.	
Unit I	II- Regulation of Abuse of Dominant Position and Regulation of Combinat	ions
-	Introduction – Dominance in the Market	
-	Relevant Market – Abusive Conducts under the Competition Act. 2002	
-	Penalties – Prevention of Abuse of Dominance.	
-	Combinations: Merger, Acquisition, Amalgamation and Takeover-	12 Hours
-	Horizontal, Vertical and Conglomerate Mergers- Combinations covered	
	under the Competition Act. 2002 – Regulations, Penalties.	
	Unit-IV, Enforcement Mechanisms	
-	Enforcement Mechanisms under the Competition Act. 2002	
-	Competition Commission of India - Constitution of the CCI - Powers and	
	Functions Jurisdiction of the CCI adjudication and appeals	
-	Director General of Investigation (DGI)	12 Hours
-	Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT)	
-	Enforcement Mechanisms.	
	Unit V- Competition Advocacy and Emerging Trends in Competition	
-	Competition Advocacy in India and other foreign jurisdictions,	
-	Intellectual Property Rights and Competition Law,	
-	International Trade Law and Competition Law	12 Hours
	<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
1.	Mittal D.P., Taxmann's Competition Law (2007) Universal Guide to Competition	on Law in
	India-2003, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi.	
2.	Ramappa. T., Competition Law in India- Policy, Issues and Development 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed	d
	2013, Oxford University Press, New Delhi	
3.	Ad iP.Talati and Nahar S. Mhala, Competition Act, 2002- Law, Practice And P	rocedure,
	Commercial Law Publishers (India)Pvt.Ltd. (2006)	

- 4. Dr. V.K. Agarwal Competition Act, 2002 Principles and Practices
- Barry J Rodger and Angus MacCulloch, Competition Law And Policy In The EU And UK, 293-295, Cavendish Publishing Limited, 3rd ed. (2004)
- 6. Cedric Ryngert, Ec Competition Law Giorgio Monti, Cambridge University Press(2007)
- M. Dugar, Commentary on MRTP Law, Competition Law & consumer Protection Law, 4<sup>th</sup> ed. – 2006, Wadhwa Nagpur
- 8. Richard Whish, Competition Law, Oxford University press, 2008

Paper	
Code and	(PG69201) -ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION SYSTEM AND
Name	ENFORCEMENT OF FOREIGN AWARDS
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To understand the Concept of Alternative Dispute Resolution
CO-2	To learn International Conventions - Multilateral Conventions - Bilateral
	Conventions
CO-3	To study the International Arbitration Proceedings
CO-4	To know the kinds of Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems in India
CO-5	To develop Characteristic Features of Arbitration
СО-6	To recognize the Online Dispute Resolution System
CO-7	To understand Mode of Communication and Evidence

PARTICULARS	Teaching	
	Hours	
	(Max. 60)	
Unit I- The Concept of Alternative Dispute Resolution		
- The Advantages. The Changing perceptions of Political Economy of		
the State.	12 Hours	
- Various types of Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems.		
Unit-II, International Conventions		
- Multilateral Conventions –		
- Bilateral Conventions.		
- Law Applicable to International Arbitration Proceedings –	12 Hours	

- Applicability of Indian Law to the Arbitration Agreement.	
- Position in India and in other leading Countries.	
Unit-III, Kinds of Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems in India	
- The Normative Standards. Alternatives to the Litigation –	
- Conciliation,	
- Mediation,	
- Negotiation,	12 Hours
- Arbitration and other Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems.	
- Consumer Forums under the Consumer Protection Act.	
- Constitution, Jurisdiction, Power and Procedure Remedy Provided	
Unit-IV, History and Development of Law of Arbitration in India	
- Characteristic Features of Arbitration –	
- Scope and Ambit of 'Agreement' or 'Contract' within the frame work	
of Arbitration.	
- Different kinds of Arbitration –	12 Hours
- The Mechanism provided under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act	,
1996.	
Unit-V, Online Dispute Resolution System	
- Development of Online Dispute Resolution System.	
- Online Technology in Court Proceedings	
- Coverage of Disputes in Online Dispute Resolution System	12 Hours
- Extent of Technology Applied	
- Mode of Communication and Evidence.`	
<b>Reference/ Recommended Books</b>	
1. R.D. Rajan, "A Primer on Alternative Dispute Resolution" (Tirunelveli),	Barathi Law
Publications (2005)	
2. P.C. Rao and William Sheffield, "Alternative Dispute Resolution", (New De	elhi) Universal
Law Publishing Co (P) Ltd. (2001)	
3. Kwatra G.K. "The New Arbitration & Conciliation Law in India", (New Dell	ni), The Indian

Paper Code     (PG69T202) -JUDICIAL PROCESS       and Name	
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To study Doctrine of Precedent in England
CO-2	To learn Methods of determining <i>ratio decidenti- stare decisis</i> and its exceptions
CO-3	To recongnize Doctrine of Precedent in India, Precedents and problems
CO-4	To study Precedential value of advisory opinion.
CO-5	To learn the Judicial Reasoning
CO-6	To develop New rhetoric- Role of judicial concepts and judicial discretion
CO-7	To know the Nature of legislative process under Indian Constitution

PARTICULARS	Teaching
	Hours (Max.
	60)
Unit I- Doctrine of Precedent in England	
- Doctrine of precedent in england	
- Ratio decidendi and obiter dictum	12 Hours
- Methods of determining ratio decident	
- Stare decisis and its exceptions.	
Unit-II, Doctrine of Precedent in India	
- Precedents and problems –	
- Certainty, retro-activity and prospective overruling	12 Hours
- Judicial restraint and judicial activism	
- Plurality of opinions, anonymous opinion,	
- Precedential value of advisory opinion	
Unit-III, Judicial Reasoning	I
- Logic and growth in law- categories of illusory references.	
- Legal reasoning- new rhetoric- role of judicial concepts and	12 Hours
- Judicial discretion	

Unit-IV, Legislative Process	
- Constitutional background Nature of legislative process under Ind	lian
Constitution as distinguished from the U.K. U.S.A.	
- Forms of legislations.	12 Hours
- Parliamentary practice relating to legislation.	
- Legislative Committees	
Unit-V, Interpretation of Statutes	
- General principles:	
- Literal construction,	
- Mischief rule,	12 Hours
- External and internal aid to construction,	
- Reading down and reading up.	
<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
1. Rajeev Dhavan, Supreme Court of India- Chapter 2 & 8	
2. Cross and Harris, Precedent in English Law, 4 <sup>th</sup> edn., (London: clerendon I	Press).
3. Laxminath, Precedent in Indian Law, (Lucknow: Eastern Book Co.)	
4. Julius stone, Legal System and Lawyer Reasoning.	
5. R.Dickerson, Interpretation and application of statutes.	
6. A.R.Mukerjee, <i>Parliamentary Procedure in India</i> (Chapter on " "Committees")	'legislation" and
7. M.Zander, Law Making Process.	

Paper Code	e				
and Name		(PG69T203A)-INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW			
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)					
After completing this paper, the students will be able to					
CO-1	Tou	inderstand Indian federalism			
CO-2	To k	know the Distribution of Legislative Powers			
CO-3		learn Recommendation of Sarkaria Commission & Venkatachaliah nmission.			

CO-4	To know the The Judiciary: The Supreme Court of India					
CO-5	To study Right to Equality: Scope of the right to Equality					
CO-6	To learn Freedom of Speech and Expression					
CO-7	To develop the Freedom of Press and challenges of new scientific development					

	PARTICULARS			
		Hours		
		(Max. 60)		
	Unit I- Indian Federalism			
-	Conceptual position of Federalism.			
-	Nature of the Indian Constitution.	12 Hours		
-	Cooperative Federalism,			
-	Relationship of trust and faith between centre and states.			
-	Challenges before the Indian Federalism.			
	Unit-II, Distribution of Legislative Powers			
-	The Scheme of the distribution of legislative powers in India,			
-	The judicial approach and the present position.			
-	Recommendation of Sarkaria Commission & Venkatachaliah	12 Hours		
	Commission.			
	Unit-III, The Judiciary:			
-	The Supreme Court of India.			
-	Jurisdiction and Powers.			
-	Its role as guardian of the Constitution. Right to Equality:			
-	Scope of the right to Equality.			
-	New approach of Article 14. Equality of opportunity in matters of	12 Hours		
	public employment and in admission to educational institutions.			
Unit-IV, Freedom of Speech and Expression				
	- The area of freedom and its limitation.			
	- Freedom of Press and challenges of new scientific			
	development. Working of the Constitution:	12 Hours		
	- Achievements and failures.			
	- Areas of concern and challenges before the Constitution			

Unit-V, Emerging regime of new Fundamental Rights						
-	The changing dimension of Right to Life and Personal Liberty.					
-	Reading Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties into					
	Fundamental Rights.					
-	Right to Freedom of Religion:	12 Hours				
-	The scope of the freedom and the State Control.					
-	Secularism and religious fanaticism.					
-	Secularism and religious fanaticism.					

## **References** /**Recommended Books**

- B.Shiva Rao, Framing of the Indian Constitution, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2004.
- 2. M.P.Jain, Constitutional Law, Nagpur: Wadhwa, 2012.
- 3. H.M.Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2012.
- 4. M.P.Singh, V.N.Shukla's Constitution of India, Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2012.
- 5. M.V.Pylee, *Constitution of the World*, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2006.
- 6. Vikas David Amar, Mark Tushnet, *Global Perspectives on Constitutional Law*, Oxford University Press, 2009.

Paper Code				
and Name	(PG69T203B) COMPARATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW			
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)				
After completing this paper, the students will be able to:				
CO-1	To Study the Merits of French Administrative Law			
CO-2	To know The Government liability for torts committed by its employees in Great Britain			
CO-3	To learn State privilege to refuse Production of documents in Courts in Great Britain and India			
CO-4	To understand Judicial Review in United States			
CO-5	To develop Doctrine of Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies;			
CO-6	To study The Official Secrets Act, 1923			
CO-7	To learn Doctrine of Legitimate Expectation in India and Great Britain			

PARTICULARS Teach			
Unit I- Merits of French Administrative Law			
- Remedies available under French Administrative Law;			
- Availability of Judicial Review in the United States,			
- Doctrine of Primary Jurisdiction;			
- Doctrine of Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies;	12 Hours		
- Doctrine of Standing; Doctrine of Ripeness;			
Unit-II, The Government liability			
- The Government liability for torts committed by its employees in Grea	t		
Britain, France and India;			
- Promissory Estoppels in Great Britain and India.			
- Right to Information Act, 2005.			
- State privilege to refuse Production of documents in Courts in Great Britai	n 12 Hours		
and India;			
Unit-III, Judicial Review			
- Judicial Review in United States;			
- Doctrine of Primary Jurisdiction;			
- Doctrine of Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies;			
- Doctrine of Standing;	12 Hours		
- Doctrine of Ripeness			
Unit-III, The Official Secrets Act,			
- The Official Secrets Act, 1923 (India, The Freedom of Information Ac	·,		
2002,			
- Doctrine of Legitimate Expectation in India and Great Britain.	12 Hours		
Unit-V, Doctrine of Legitimate			
- Doctrine of Legitimate Expectation in India and Great Britain	12 Hours		
References/ Recommended Books			
1. Jain and Jain, Principles of Administrative Law			
2. S.P.Sathe, Administrative Law			
3. De Smith, Judicial Review of Administrative Action.			
4. M.P.Jain, The Evolving Indian Administrative Law			
5. English Authored Referred Text Books			

Paper	
Code and	(PG69T203C) LAW RELATING TO MULTI-NATIONAL
Name	CORPORATIONS
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To study the Problems of Definition and various Legal Forms a MNC,
CO-2	To assess the Taxation Problems Associated with MNEs
CO-3	To know The Indian Tax Law and the Incomes of Non-Resident Indians
CO-4	To learn Domestic Laws on Foreign Shareholdings in National Companies
CO-5	To create Corporate Governance and MNCs
CO-6	To understand The Environmental Issues and MNE
CO-7	To investigate International Standards and the Foreign Investors

PARTICULARS	Teaching	
	Hours	
	(Max. 60)	
Unit I- Definitions of MNC's	1	
- The Problems of Definition and various Legal Forms a MNC,		
- The Regulation of MNEs through Company Law	12 Hours	
Unit II, Taxation Problems		
- Taxation Problems Associated with MNEs,		
- International double Taxation,		
- The Transfer Pricing Problem,	12 Hours	
- The Indian Tax Law and the Incomes of Non-Resident Indians.		
Unit-III, Domestic Laws on Foreign Shareholdings		
- Domestic Laws on Foreign Shareholdings in National		
Companies:		
- The Relevant Provisions of the FEMA,	12 Hours	
- Corporate Governance and MNCs		
Unit-IV, The Environmental Issues and MNEs		
- The Environmental Issues and MNEs,		

- Exporting Environment al Hazards through MNEs,		
- Industrial Accidents and		
- the Problem of Corporate Veil	12 Hours	
Unit-V, International Standards and the Foreign Investors		
- The Draft UN Code of Conduct on Transnational Corporation and		
- The OECD Guidelines		
	12 Hours	
References/ Recommended Books		
1. Peter T Muchlinski Multinational Enterprise and the Law -Oxford	University	
<i>Press(2007)</i>		
2. Olufemi Amao Corporate Social Responsibility and Human Rights and Law- publisher(2011)	- Routledge	
3. Taxman's Foreign Exchange Management (July)2019)		
4. SK Sarvaria Commentary on the Foreign Exchange Management Act Universal Law		
Publisher (2018)		

5. Jessie Russell, Ronald Cohin Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development Bookvika publishing

Paper	
Code and	(PG69T203D) LABOUR AND MANAGEMENT RELATIONS LAW
Name	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To learn the Formation of a Trade Union
CO-2	To understand The Norms relating to the Registration of a Trade Union
CO-3	To investigate The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics
CO-4	To learn The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,
CO-5	To know Resolution of Industrial Conflicts
CO-6	To study The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union
CO-7	To understand The Feature of Trade Union Movement

Hours (Max. 60)         Unit I- Formation of a Trade Union – Objects of a Trade Union Executive Committee Composition – The Conflicts.         The Norms relating to the Registration of a Trade Union – Objects of a Trade Union Executive Committee Composition – The Conflicts.       12 Hours         The Trade Union Federations       12 Hours         The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations       12 Hours         Unit-II, The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics         The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         The basis for Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,       12 Hours         its impact on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         Unit-II, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts         Resolution of Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         The Role of the State –       12 Hours         Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment       12 Hours         The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.       12 Hours         The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union       12 Hours         The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union       12 Hours         The Position under		PARTICULARS	Teaching
Unit I- Formation of a Trade Union         -       The Norms relating to the Registration of a Trade Union – Objects of a Trade Union Executive Committee Composition – The Conflicts.       12 Hours         -       The Trade Union Federations       12 Hours         -       The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations       12 Hours         -       The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations       12 Hours         -       The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         -       The Solge of Settlements       12 Hours         -       The basis for Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         -       The Role of Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         -       The Role of the State –       12 Hours         -       The Role of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         -       The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.       12			Hours
<ul> <li>The Norms relating to the Registration of a Trade Union – Objects of a Trade Union Executive Committee Composition – The Conflicts.</li> <li>The Trade Union Federations</li> <li>The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations</li> <li>Unit-II, The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics</li> <li>The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics</li> <li>Types of Settlements</li> <li>Norms relating to the enforceability of Settlements.</li> <li>The basis for Industrial Conflicts –</li> <li>The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,</li> <li>its impact on Contract of Employment.</li> <li>Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.</li> <li>Resolution of Industrial Conflicts –</li> <li>The Role of the State –</li> <li>The Role of the State –</li> <li>The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.</li> <li>Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>			(Max. 60)
Objects of a Trade Union Executive Committee Composition – The Conflicts.       12 Hours         The Trade Union Federations       12 Hours         The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations       12 Hours         Unit-II, The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics         Types of Settlements       12 Hours         Norms relating to the enforceability of Settlements.       12 Hours         The basis for Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,       12 Hours         its impact on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts         Resolution of Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         The Role of the State –       12 Hours         The Role of the State –       12 Hours         Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.       12 Hours         Int-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union       12 Hours         The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.       12 Hours         The Position under Common Law.       12 Hours         The Judicial Reflections there under.       12 Hours		Unit I- Formation of a Trade Union	
The Conflicts.       12 Hours         The Trade Union Federations       12 Hours         The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations       12 Hours         Unit-II, The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics         The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         Types of Settlements       12 Hours         Norms relating to the enforceability of Settlements.       12 Hours         The basis for Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,       12 Hours         its impact on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts         Resolution of Industrial Conflicts –       12 Hours         The Role of the State –       12 Hours         Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.       12 Hours         Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union         The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.       12 Hours         The Position under Common Law.       12 Hours         The Judicial Reflections there under.       12 Hours         Unit	-	The Norms relating to the Registration of a Trade Union -	
Image: The Trade Union Federations       12 Hours         The Role assumed by the Non-Governmental Organizations       12 Hours         Unit-II, The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics       12 Hours         Types of Settlements -       12 Hours         Types of Settlements -       12 Hours         The basis for Industrial Conflicts -       12 Hours         The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,       12 Hours         The Role of Contract of Employment.       12 Hours         Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts       12 Hours         Resolution of Industrial Conflicts -       12 Hours         The Role of the State -       12 Hours         The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.       12 Hours         Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union       12 Hours         The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.       12 Hours         The Position under Common Law.       12 Hours         The Position under Common Law.       12 Hours         The Position under Common Law.       12 Hours		Objects of a Trade Union Executive Committee Composition -	
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Unit-II, The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics         -       The Collective Bargaining Process Dynamics –         -       Types of Settlements –         -       Types of Settlements –         -       Norms relating to the enforceability of Settlements.         -       The basis for Industrial Conflicts –         -       The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,         -       its impact on Contract of Employment.         Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts         -       The Role of the State –         -       The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.         -       Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.         -       The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.         Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union         -       The Position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.         -       The Position under Common Law.         -       The Judicial Reflections there under.         Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement	-	The Trade Union Federations –	12 Hours
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Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts         -       Resolution of Industrial Conflicts –         -       The Role of the State –         -       The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.         -       The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.         -       Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.         -       The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.         Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union       12 Hours         -       The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.         -       The Position under Common Law.         -       The Judicial Reflections there under.         Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement       12 Hours	-	The legal norms relating to Strikes and Lock-outs,	
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<ul> <li>The Role of the State –</li> <li>The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.</li> <li>Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.</li> <li>The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.</li> </ul> Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy. <ul> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> </ul> Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement <ul> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>		Unit-III, Resolution of Industrial Conflicts	
<ul> <li>The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.</li> <li>Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.</li> <li>The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.</li> </ul> Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union <ul> <li>The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> </ul> Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement <ul> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>	-	Resolution of Industrial Conflicts –	
<ul> <li>Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of Employment.</li> <li>The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.</li> <li>Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>	-	The Role of the State –	
Employment.       -         The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.       -         Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union         -       The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union         -       The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.         -       The Position under Common Law.         -       The Judicial Reflections there under.         -       Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement         -       The Feature of Trade Union Movement –	-	The Machinery for Resolution of Industrial Conflicts.	12 Hours
<ul> <li>The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.</li> <li>Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>	-	Pendency of Proceedings and its implications on Contract of	
Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union         -       The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union         -       The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.         -       The Position under Common Law.         -       The Judicial Reflections there under.         Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement       Image: Comparison of Common Law.         -       The Judicial Reflections there under.		Employment.	
<ul> <li>The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union</li> <li>The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>	-	The Scope of Award and its Enforceability.	
<ul> <li>The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of Conspiracy.</li> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>		Unit-IV, The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union	
Conspiracy.       12 Hours         - The Position under Common Law.       12 Hours         - The Judicial Reflections there under.       12 Hours         Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement         - The Feature of Trade Union Movement –       12 Hours	-	The Immunities of a Registered Trade Union	
<ul> <li>The Position under Common Law.</li> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>	-	The position under Criminal and Civil Law in respect of	
<ul> <li>The Judicial Reflections there under.</li> <li>Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement</li> <li>The Feature of Trade Union Movement –</li> </ul>		Conspiracy.	12 Hours
Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement         -       The Feature of Trade Union Movement –	-	The Position under Common Law.	
- The Feature of Trade Union Movement –	-	The Judicial Reflections there under.	
	Unit-V, The Feature of Trade Union Movement		
	-	The Feature of Trade Union Movement –	
- The Changing Perspectives. A Comparative Analysis. 12 Hours	-	The Changing Perspectives. A Comparative Analysis.	12 Hours

## **References/ Recommended Books**

- 1. J.N. Mallik, Trade Union Law (Calcutta: S.C. Sarkar & Sons Private Ltd. 1970)
- 2. S.N. Dhyani, *Trade Unions and The Right to Strike* (Bombay: S. Chand & Co (P) Ltd. 1996)
- 3. Dr. Sharath Babu & Rashmi Shetty, *Social Justice and Labour Jurisprudence Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer's Contributions:* (New Delhi: Sage India Publications, 2007)
- 4. Lord Wederburn, The Worker and the Law: (London: Butterworths & Co, 1986)
- 5. Richard Kidner, Trade Union Law, (London: Stevens & Sons, 1979)
- 6. *Report of the National Commission on Labour*, (New Delhi: Ministry of Labour, Govt. of India, 1969)
- 7. *Report of the National Commission on Labour*, (New Delhi: Ministry of Labour, Govt. of India, 2002)
- 8. Srivastava S.C., Industrial Relations and Labour Law (1984)
- 9. Malhotra O.P., *The Law of industrial Disputes*, (New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing Co. (P) Ltd. 2004)

Paper	(PG69T203E)-FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS AND DIRECTIVE	
Code and	e and PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY	
Name	<b>Open Elective Course – (Other Department Students)</b>	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)	
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:	
CO-1	To understand Evolution of fundamental rights in U.K., U.S.A. and in India.	
CO-2	To study Right to Equality and protective discrimination	
CO-3	To analysis Privatization and its impact on affirmative action.	
CO-4	To know the New dimensions of Right to life and expansion of fundamental	
	rights-	
CO-5	To understand Religious fanaticism and secularism	
CO-6	To learn Uniform Civil Code;	
CO-7	To study the Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties	

PARTICULARS	Teaching Hours (Max. 60
Unit I : Nature and functions of fundamental rights	
Evolution of fundamental rights in U.K., U.S.A. and in India.	
Methods of guaranteeing fundamentals rights through written and	
unwritten Constitutions.	12 Hours
Scope of fundamental rights – state action and judicial review	
Unit II: Right to Equality and protective discrimination.	
Privatization and its impact on affirmative action.	
Reservations in promotions and cost benefit analysis.	12 Hours
Right to freedom under Article 19 and new challenges to freedom of press	5
due to new scientific developments	
Unit-III, Right to life and personal liberty	
New dimensions of right to life and expansion of fundamental rights	
Unremunerated fundamental rights.	
Compensation jurisprudence.	12 Hours
Right to education and its commercialization, right against exploitation,	
Empowerment of women and rights of the child.	
Unit-IV, Right to Religion	
Religious fanaticism and secularism,	
Uniform Civil Code; Problems and perspectives.	12 Hours
Minority rights, Tribal rights,	
Right to Judicial remedies and Limits to Judicial enforcement of	
fundamental rights.	
Unit-V, Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties	
Nature of Directive Principles, Relation between Directive Principles and	
fundamental rights,	
Judicial enforcement of Directive Principles,	12 Hours
Right based on Directive Principles and justifiability of Directive	
Principles. Legislative incorporation of Directive Principles –	
Importance of Fundamental Duties	

## References

- (1) B.Shiva Rao, *Framing of the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2004.
- (2) M.P.Jain, Constitutional Law, Nagpur: wadhwa, 2012.
- (3) H.M.Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2012.
- (4) M.P.Singh, V.N.Shukla's Constitution of India, Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2012.
- (5) M.V.Pylee, Constitution of the World, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2006.
- (6) Vikas David Amar, Mark Tushnet, *Global Perspectives on Constitutional Law*, Oxford University Press, 2009.

Paper Code	Paper Code (PG69T301) LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA	
and Name		
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)	
After comple	ting this paper, the students will be able to:	
CO-1	To understand the concept of Law as an instrument of social change	
CO-2	To introduction of common law system and institutions in India	
CO-3	To learn Religion as a divisive factor or, secularism	
CO-4	To know linguistic minorities	
CO-5	To investigate the Women and Law	
CO-6	To get the safeguards the Empowerment and protection of women	
CO-7	To study the Reform of family law	

PARTICULARS	Teaching Hours (Max. 60)	
Unit I : Law as an instrument of social change		
- Law as an instrument of social change,		
- Law as the product of traditions and culture,		
- Criticism and evaluation in the light of colonisation	12 Hours	
- The introduction of common law system and institutions in India		
- Its impact on further development of law and		
- Legal institutions in India.		

Unit-II, Religion as a divisive factor		
- Religion a	s a divisive factor,	
- Secularism	n as a solution to the problem,	
- Reform of	the law on secular lines,	
- Freedom o	of religion and non-discrimination on the basis of	
religion re	ligious minorities and the law;	
- Constituti	onal guarantee to linguistic minorities,	12 Hours
- Caste as a	divisive factor,	
- Non-discr	imination on the ground of caste,	
- Protective	discrimination;	
- Right of n	novement, residence and business,	
- Equality in	n matters of employment,	
- Admission	n to educational institutions.	
	Unit-III, Women and Law	
- Women an	nd law - crimes against women,	
- gender inj	ustice, and its various forms,	
- women's	commission,	12 Hours
- Empower	ment and protection of women children and law-	
protection	of child rights,	
- child labo	ur, sexual abuse of children and women	
	Unit-IV, Reform of Family Law	
- Reform of family	law,	
- Agrarian reform,	industrial reform,	
- Reform of Court	processes; criminal law- plea	12 Hours
- bargaining, Comp	oounding and payment of compensation to victims;	
- Prison reforms.		
	Unit-V, The Jurisprudence	
- The Jurisprudence	e of Sarvodaya – Gandhiji, Vinoba Bhave, Jayapraka	sha
Narayan;		
- Concept of Gram	Nayayalayas Socialist thought on law and justice;	
- An enquiry throu	gh constitutional debates on the right to property,	12 Hours
- Indian Marxist cr	itique of law and justice;	
- Naxalite moveme	nt- causes and cure.	

## **Referenced/ Recommended Books**

- 1. Marc Galanter (ed.) Law and Society in Modern India (1997) Oxford.
- 2. Robert Lingat, The Classical Law of India (1998) Oxford.
- 3. U.Baxi, The Crisis of the Indian System (1982) Vikas, New Delhi.
- 4. U. Baxi (ed.) Law and Poverty Critical Essay (1988) Tripathi, Bombay.
- 5. H.M.Seervai, Constituoinal Law of India (1996), Tripathi.
- 6. M.P.Jain, Outlines of Indian Legal History, (1993), Tripathi, Bombay.

Paper	
Code and	(PG69T303B)-LAW RELATING TO PROTECTION OF NATURAL
Name	<b>RESOURCES AND POLLUTION CONTROL IN INDIA</b>
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After compl	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To Study the Protection of Wild Life
CO-2	To know the Forest Conservation Act.1980
CO-3	To investigate the causes for environmental pollution
CO-4	To learn the safeguards the Constitutional Mandate and Environment
CO-5	To understand PIL as a tool to provide environmental justice
CO-6	To know the Efficacy of Remedies
CO-7	To understand Eco-Tourism, Environment Impact Assessment

PARTICULARS	<b>Teaching Hours</b>	
	(Max. 60)	
Unit I : Protection of Wild Life		
- Protection of Wild Life- with special reference to authorities,		
- sanction and remedies under Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972,		
- Protection and conservation of Forest-with special reference to	12 Hours	
Authorities, and		
- Forest Conservation Act.1980.		
Unit-II, Conservation of Fresh water and Ground water		
- Conservation of Fresh water and Ground water.		
- Coastal Zone Management, Protection and Conservation of		

Biodiversity with special reference to Biodiversity Act 2	2002. 12 Hours	
- The role of PIL to protect the natural resources.		
Unit III, Constitutional Mandate and Enviror	iment	
- Constitutional Mandate and Environment with	special	
reference to Article 32 and 226 (emphasis shall be given	i on use	
of PIL as a tool to provide environmental justice),	12 ours	
- Comparative Study of Water Act, 1974,		
- The Air Act, 1981 and		
- The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 with special re	ference	
to authorities, and mechanism.		
Unit-IV, Efficacy of Remedies		
- Efficacy of Remedies- Section 133 Criminal Procedure	Code,	
- Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991,		
- National Environmental Tribunal Act, 1995,	12 Hours	
- National Environment Appellate Authority Act, 1997,		
- National Green Tribunal.		
Unit-V, Eco-Tourism,		
- Eco-Tourism,		
- Environment Impact Assessment and Public Participation	on, 12 Hours	
- Public Hearing under the Environment Protection Act, 1	<mark>986,</mark>	
- Environmental Audit.		
References / Recommended Books		
1. Armin Rosencranz, et.al, (ed.), Environmental Law and	Policy in India, Bombay:	
N.M.Tripahi, 1991.		
2. P.Leelakrishnan, Environmental Law in India, New Delhi, But	terworths, 1999.	
3. Gurdip Singh, Environmental Law, New Delhi: Lawman 1995.		
4. Alexander Kiss, Introduction to Intentional Environmental Law, Geneva: Unitar, 1997.		
5. Anil Agarwal et.al. (eds.), State of India's Environment, New Delhi, CSE, 1995.		
6. Simon Ball and Stuart Bell- Environmental Law.		
7. Garner's Environmental Law, New Delhi: Butter worth.		
8. Dr.H.N.Tripathi and Dr.S.N.Pandey, Commentaries on the	e Pollution Control Laws,	
Allahabad: Hari Law Agency, 1992.		

- 9. Walter Fernandsz and Vijay Paranjpe eds, *Rehabilitation Policy and Law in India; A Right to Livelihood,* New Delhi, ISI 1997.
- 10. CEERA, Cases and Materials Concerning the Coastal Environment. Bangalore CEERA, 1999.

Paper Co	de and	(PG69T303A) SERVICE LAW IN INDIA
Name		
		COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After com	pleting th	is paper, the students will be able to:
CO-1	To un	derstand Concept of service,
CO-2	To lea	arn Accountability and transparency
CO-3	To kn	ow Citizens charters and public service delivery
CO-4	To in	vestigate Civil servants and their Recruitment
CO-5	To as	sess the problems relating to Contract of Employment.
CO-6	To stu	dy the Neutrality of Public service
CO-7	To un	derstand Central and State Administrative Tribunals

PARTICULARS	<b>Teaching Hours</b>	
	(Max. 60)	
Unit I : Concept of service,		
- Concept of service,		
- Civil service, public service and employment.		
- Importance of civil service and the role of civil servants in modern	12 Hours	
governance.		
- Factors of affecting effective public service delivery in india.		
Accountability and transparency.		
- Citizens charters and public service delivery.		
Unit-II, Civil servants and their Recruitment		
- Civil servants and their Recruitment.		
- Doctrine of Phasure and conditions of service.	12 Hours	
- Central and State civil Service Rules.		
- Contract of Employment.		

	Unit-III, Neutrality of Public service	
	- Neutrality of Public service.	
	- Privileges of civil servants –	
	- Constitutional protection to civil servants, and security of	12 Hours
	tenure.	
	- Promotions and reservations in promotions and	
	- Its consequences and related constitutional amendments.	
	Unit-IV, Misconduct and Discipline	I
-	Misconduct and discipline.	
-	Confidential Report, Suspension and inquiry.	
-	Types of punishments. Procedure for award of punishment.	12 Hours
-	Prosecution of Civil Servants	
	Unit-V, Central and State Administrative Tribunals	
	- Central and State Administrative Tribunals and their power and	
	functions.	12 Hours
	- Role of High Courts and Supreme Court in respect of matters	
	relating to disciplinary proceedings against Civil Servants and	
	private Services.	
	<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
1.	Justice M.Rama Jois, Services under the state, Indian Law Institute 1987	7
2.	Samaraditya Pal, <i>Law Relating to Public Service</i> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> edn, Easter Law Ho	use, 2011.
3.	Chabra, Administrative Tribunals, Eastern Book Company, 2010.	
1	G.B.Singh, Commentaries on CSS and CCA Rules.	
4.	G.M.Kothari, How to conduct and Defend Disciplinary Enquiries, Easte	rn Book Compan
5.	2008.	

Paper Code	(PG69T303B) LAW RELATING TO CITIZENSHIP, ELECTION		
and Name	AND FORMATION OF GOVERNMENT		
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)			
After comple	After completing this paper, the students will be able to:		
CO-1	To understand the Citizenship		
CO-2	To investigate the Conduct of Elections		
CO-3	To learn the Declaration of Election Results		
CO-4	To know the role of the Governor in State Administration		
CO-5	To study the Judiciary on the formation of the Government		

PARTICULARS	<b>Teaching Hours</b>
	(Max. 60)
Unit I : Citizenship meaning;	
- Citizenship meaning; Citizenship under Indian Constitution	12 Hours
Unit-II: Conduct of Elections	
- Conduct of Elections- Provisions of the Representation of Peoples	
Act, 1951-Powers of the Election Commission of India	
- Recognition of Political Parties; Allotment of Symbols	12 Hours
Unit-III: Declaration of Election Results	
- Declaration of Election Results; the role of the President in the	
formation of the Government; Scope of Anti-Defection Law	12 Hours
Unit-IV, Declaration of Election Results to the State Asse	mblies
- Declaration of Election Results to the State Assemblies; the role of	
the Governor in the formation of the Government;	
- Scope of Anti-Defection Law	12 Hours
Unit-V, Formation of Government	
- Judiciary on the formation of the Government in Centre and State;	
- The established Practice and Law	12 Hours
<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
1. Masodkar B.A, 'Law Relating to Electoral Disqualification' (1986) 1	<sup>st</sup> Edition; Bombay;
N.M. Tripathi Publications	

- Dev Indar, 'Manual of Election Law in India' (2004) New Delhi; Universal Law Publishing Co. Ltd.
- Mendiratta S.K. 'How India Votes, Election Laws, Practice and Procedure (2014) 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition; Gurgaon, Lexis Nexis

Paper Code		
and Name	(PG69T303C) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)	
After completing this paper, the students will be able to:		
CO-1	To Study the Importance of Intellectual Property Rights	
CO-2	To learn the Economic importance of IPR	
CO-3	To know the Patents – Validity of Patents	
CO-4	To investigate the IPR rights violation	
CO-5	To understand the TRIPs and it importance	
CO-6	To understand the Copyrights law- Copyrightable subject matter,	
CO-7	To study the Trademarks and Domain names	

PARTICULARS	<b>Teaching Hours</b>	
	(Max. 60)	
Unit I : Importance of Intellectual Property Rights		
- Importance of Intellectual Property Rights.		
- Need for legal protection of IPR .		
- Economic importance of IPR,	12 Hours	
- Constitutional and human Rights Dimensions of IPR.		
- International Protection of IPR, TRIPs and WTO.		
Unit-II, Patents		
- Patents – Validity of Patents-		
- Patentable subject matters –		
- Patenting of life forms and plant varieties and product patenting	12 Hours	
- Traditional knowledge – Infringement of patents.		
Unit-III, International conventions relating to patents		
- International conventions relating to patents. TRIPs and it importance.		
- TRIPs and Human Rights, TRIPs and Agriculture,		

	- TRIPs and its impact on Indian Economy.	12 Hours	
	- TRIPs and Monopoly.		
	Unit-IV, Copyrights Law		
	- Copyrights law- Copyrightable subject matter,		
	- Authorship and moral rights,		
	- Performers rights and neighbouring rights.		
	- Copyrights and Video films,	12 Hours	
	- Sound recordings, etc. Infringement of Copyrights.		
	- Industrial designs and Geographical Indications		
	Unit-V, Trade Marks		
	- Trademarks and Domain names –		
	- Registration of Domain Names, Domain name dispute resolution.		
	- Confidential Information and	12 Hours	
	- Trade Secrets, Integrated circuits.		
	<b>References / Recommended Books</b>		
1.	W.R.Cornish, Intellectual Property, (London: Sweet and Maxwell) latest ed	ition.	
2.	2. Paul Torremans and Ian Holyoak - Intellectual Property Law ,7th edn, (Oxford University		
	Press)		
3.	3. P.Narayanan, Law of Trade Marks and Passing of , Calcutta; Eastern Law House, 2000		
4.	4. P.Narayanan, Intellectual Property Law, Calcutta : Eastern Law House		
5.	5. P.Narayanan, Patent Law (Easter Law Hosuse,		
6.	6. N.R.Subraaman, Patent Law (Madras, MLJ, 2000)		
7.	7. S.R.Iyngar, Copyright Act (Butter worths, 2005)		
8.	Shavksha, Trade Marks, 1999(, Butter worth's)		
9.	Bibek Debroy (ed), Intellectual Property Rights.		

Paper Code			
and Name	(PG69T303D) DEVELOPMENT AND REGULATION OF		
	INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW		
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)			
After completing this paper, the students will be able to:			
CO-1	To learn the International Economic order		
CO-2	To investigate the Characteristics of Developed and developing countries and		
	conflicts		
CO-3	To assess the Balance of Payment		
CO-4	To learn about the International Sale of Goods		
CO-5	To understand the International Transport of Goods		
CO-6	To know the International Commercial Dispute Resolution		
CO-7	To understand Enforcement of Foreign judgments		

PARTICULARS	<b>Teaching Hours</b>
	(Max. 60)
Unit I : International Economic order	
- International Economic order –	
- Characteristics of Developed and developing countries and	
conflicts;	12 Hours
- Balance of Payment; General agreement on Tariffs and Trade	
(GATT)	
- Evolution of GATT;	
- World Trade Organization - Structure, Power and objectives; Most	
Favoured Nation Treatment and	
- National Treatment.	
Unit-II: Tariffs	
- Tariffs;	
- safeguards,	
- technical Barriers to Trade; Sanitary and Phyto Sanitary	
Measures,	
- Trade Related Investment Measures;	12 Hours

- Su	bsidies and counter vailing measures;	
- Ar	nti-dumping measures;	
- Aş	greement on Agriculture.	
	Unit-III, International Sale of Goods	
-	International Sale of Goods –	
-	Special Trade Terms in Export sales;	
-	Responsibilities of the parties,	
-	Formation of Contract	12 Hours
-	performance of contract,	
-	Frustration of Contract;	
-	UN Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of	
	Goods.	
	Unit-IV, International Commercial Dispute Resolution	
-	International Commercial Dispute Resolution	
-	International Commercial Arbitration	
-	UNCITRAL Model law on Arbitration,	12 Hours
-	Conciliation Rules,	
-	The ICC International Court of Arbitration, The London	
	Court of International Arbitration,	
-	The International Centre for Settlement of Investment	
	Disputes; Enforcement of Foreign judgments and Arbitral	
	Awards	
	<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
1. John H.J.	ackson, The World Trading System, Cambridge: The MIT Press,	1998
2. Bhagiratha Lal das, <i>The World Trade Organization</i> , Earthworm Books, 1999.		
3. Arun Goyal, <i>WTO in New Millennium</i> , 2000.		
4. Schmithoff's Export Trade, <i>The Law and Practice of International Trade</i> , Sweet and Maxwell.		
5. R. Swaroop, <i>Law Relating to Carriers</i> , Chennai: Deccan Publications, 1998.		
6. Eugen Langen, Transnational Commercial Law, Netherlands, A.W. Sijthoff International		

 Eugen Langen, *Transnational Commercial Law*, Netherlands, A.W. Sijthoff International Publishing co., 1973.

Paper	Open Elective Course (Other Department Students)
Code and	(PG69T303E) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND CYBER
Name	LAW
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After comple	eting this paper, the students will be able to:
~~ 1	
CO-1	To understand the Evolution of Computers and Internet
CO-2	To know the data protection in U.K. and India
CO-3	To investigate the Cyber crimes
CO-4	To study the IPR in Cyber space; Technology of software
CO-5	To assess the Database in information Technology
CO-6	To learn about Encryption,
CO-7	To study E-commerce

PARTICULARS	<b>Teaching Hours</b>
	(Max. 60)
Unit I : Evolution of Computers and Internet	
- Evolution of Computers and Internet;	12 Hours
- Understanding Cyber Space, Internet Jurisdiction and governance,	
- data protection in U.K. and India;	
- Privacy issues in Cyber Space	
Unit-II: Cyber crimes	
- Computer fraud,	
- Theft of Information or data,	
- Pornography,	
- Defamation,	
- Cyber Terrorism,	12 Hours
- Hacking,	
- Virus /Worm attack,	
- Trojan attack,	
- Cyber stalking spoofing, Spam,	
- Detecting and prosecution of computer crimes	

Unit-III, IPR in Cyber space		
- IPR in Cyber space;		
- Technology of software, Software –		
- Copyright v. Patents protection,	12 Hours	
- Software Piracy,		
- Copyright in Internet,		
- Computer related Patents, Domain name, registration,		
protection, Regulation, Disputes Resolution;		
- Liability for defective Software		
Unit-IV, Database in information Technology		
- Database in information Technology,		
- Protection of database in U.S.A., U.K. and India;		
- Internet Service Providers and their Liability;	12 Hours	
- Electronic Contracts – Formation, requirements,		
- Encryption,		
- Digital Signature.		
Unit-V, E-commerce		
- E-commerce – Salient features, jurisdictional issues in E-commerce,		
- Security and evidence in E-commerce,	12 Hours	
- UNCITRAL Model Law of E-commerce;		
- E-Banking and Legal issues – Electronic Money,		
- Credit card and Internet,		
- Taxation issues in Cyber Space.		
References/ Recommended Books	1	
1. Ion Lloyd- Information Technology Law (Butterworths, 1997)		
2. Ion Lloyd- Legal Aspects of the Information society (Butterwoths, 2000).		
3. Chris Reed and John Angel, Computer Law (Blakstone Press Ltd., 2000).		
4. Diana Rowland and Elizabeth Macdonald, Information Technology Law, (Cavendish		
Publications Limited, 19976),		
5. Nandan Kamath, Law Relating to Computers, Internet and E-Comm	erce, (ed) (Universal	
Law Pub Co. 2000).		

- 6. Krishnakumar- Cyber Laws (Dominant Pub. And Distributors 2001).
- 7. The Information Technology Act, 2000.

Paper Code	d (PG69T401) Dissertation and VIVA-VO	СЕ
Name		
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)	
After compl	ng this paper, the students will be able to:	
CO-1	o understand the different types of Research in Law	
CO-2	o learn the collection of data	
CO-3	o study about tools of Research	
CO-4	o know the general principles of legal research	
CO-5	o investigate the problems in the legal research	
CO-6	o assess the role of research in Judiciary	

PARTICULARS	Teaching
	Hours (Max.
	60)
The Dissertation shall be written under the guidance of a course teacher	60 Hours
and shall be submitted to the Department one week prior to the last	
working day of the IV Semester	

Paper	(PG69T402A) DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE OF POLICY		
Code and	AND THE CONCEPTS OF SOCIAL WELFARE AND SOCIAL		
Name	JUSTICE		
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)			
After comple	After completing this paper, the students will be able to:		
CO-1	To study Concept of Socio-Economic Justice under the Constitution		
CO-2	To understand The Commonwealth of India Bill,		
CO-3	To know the The Constituent Assembly and Directive Principles of State		
	Policy		
CO-4	To understand Directive Principles and the implementation of Socio-		

	Economic Justice
CO-5	To know the Role of Legislature and Executive in its implementation
CO-6	To assess the Directive Principles and the Role of the Judiciary
CO-7	To understand Swaraj Constitution; The Nehru Committee Report 1928;

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	(Max. 60)
Unit I : Concept of Socio-Economic Justice	
- Concept of Socio-Economic Justice under the Constitution;	
- Dimensions of Socio-Economic Justice vis-s-vis the role of the	e 12 Hours
Directive Principles of State Policy	
Unit-II, The Commonwealth of India	
- The Commonwealth of India Bill, 1925 and	
- Swaraj Constitution; The Nehru Committee Report 1928;	
- The Sapru Committee Report 1944-45	12 Hours
Unit-III, The Constituent Assembly and Directive Principles of	State Policy
- The Constituent Assembly and Directive Principles of State	2
Policy;	
- Scheme of Directives under the Constitution;	12 Hours
- Dichotomy between the concept of Fundamental Rights and	
- Directive Principles	
Unit-IV, Directive Principles and the implementation of Socio-Eco	onomic Justice
- Directive Principles and the implementation of Socio-Economic	;
Justice;	
- Impact of Planned Economic Development;	12 Hours
- Role of Legislature and Executive in its implementation	
Unit-V, Directive Principles and the Role of the Judiciary: An	Assessment
-Directive Principles and the Role of the Judiciary: An Assessment	12 Hours
<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	1
1. Sharma B.R. 'Socio-Economic Justice under Indian Constitution (1984	4) New Delhi, Deep
and Deep Publications.	
2. Shiva Rao B 'The Framing of India's Constitution- A Study' (1968) N	ew Delhi, Asian

Publishers.

- **3.** Aggarawala R.N. 'National Movement and Constitutional Development of India', (1980), New Delhi, Tripathi Publishers.
- 4. H.M.Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2012.
- 5. M.P.Singh, V.N.Shukla's Constitution of India, Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2012.

Paper Code	(PG69T402B) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND CYBER		
and Name	LAW		
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)		
After comple	ing this paper, the students will be able to:		
CO-1	To understand the Evolution of Computers and Internet		
CO-2	To know the data protection in U.K. and India		
CO-3	To investigate the Cyber crimes		
CO-4	To study the IPR in Cyber space; Technology of software		
CO-5	To assess the Database in information Technology		
CO-6	To learn about Encryption,		
CO-7	To study E-commerce		

PARTICULARS	Teaching
	Hours (Max.
	60)
Unit I : Evolution of Computers and Internet	
- Evolution of Computers and Internet;	12 Hours
- Understanding Cyber Space, Internet Jurisdiction and governance,	
- data protection in U.K. and India;	
- Privacy issues in Cyber Space	
Unit-II: Cyber crimes	L
- Computer fraud,	12 Hours
- Theft of Information or data,	
- Pornography,	
- Defamation,	
- Cyber Terrorism,	

- Hacking,	
- Virus /Worm attack,	
- Trojan attack,	
- Cyber stalking spoofing, Spam,	
- Detecting and prosecution of computer crimes	
Unit-III, IPR in Cyber space	
- IPR in Cyber space;	
- Technology of software, Software –	
- Copyright v. Patents protection,	
- Software Piracy,	12 Hours
- Copyright in Internet,	
- Computer related Patents, Domain name, registration, protection,	
Regulation, Disputes Resolution;	
- Liability for defective Software	
Unit-IV, Database in information Technology	
- Database in information Technology,	
- Protection of database in U.S.A., U.K. and India;	
- Internet Service Providers and their Liability;	12 Hours
- Electronic Contracts – Formation, requirements,	
- Encryption,	
- Digital Signature.	
Unit-V, E-commerce	
- E-commerce – Salient features, jurisdictional issues in E-commerce,	
- Security and evidence in E-commerce,	
- UNCITRAL Model Law of E-commerce;	12 Hours
- E-Banking and Legal issues – Electronic Money,	
- Credit card and Internet,	
- Taxation issues in Cyber Space.	
<b>References/ Recommended Books</b>	
(1) Ion Lloyd- Information Technology Law (Butterworths, 1997)	
(2) Ion Lloyd- <i>Legal Aspects of the Information society</i> (Butterwoths, 2000).	
(3) Chris Reed and John Angel, Computer Law (Blakstone Press Ltd., 2000).	
(4) Diana Rowland and Elizabeth Macdonald , Information Technology	Law, (Cavendish

Publications Limited, 19976),

- (5) Nandan Kamath, *Law Relating to Computers, Internet and E-Commerce*, (ed) (Universal Law Pub Co. 2000).
- (6) Krishnakumar- Cyber Laws (Dominant Pub. And Distributors 2001).
- (7) The Information Technology Act, 2000.